# Internal and external collaborations: The way of the future.

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Executive Director, TAFE frontiers







# The emerging environment

A TAFE Institute in Victoria needs to:

- work effectively within a competitive environment
- be more responsive to meeting the specific needs of learners
- understand both local and global markets
- deal with the role of technology in mediating and accelerating change
- optimise the value of both its tangible and intangible assets.



# **Shaping our future**

The national strategy for vocational education and training 2004-2010

- VET works for Australian businesses making businesses internationally competitive.
- VET works for people giving Australians world-class skills and knowledge
- VET works for communities building inclusive and sustainable communities





# **Knowledge and Skills for the Innovation Economy**

#### Statement focuses on:

- New kinds of skills
- Growing skills need of existing workers
- Lifelong learning
- Specialisation
- Flexible responses to diversity
- Broader role for TAFE Institutes





# What's being asked?

- •Relationships with industry, community, individuals
- Service provision that is:
  - Flexible
  - Individualised
  - Accessible/ Inclusive
  - Responsive
  - Reliable
  - High quality







# **Possible tensions**

- Community building Vs business imperatives
- Individualised service Vs Cost
- Specialist Vs generalist
- Small chunks Vs long programs
- Local market Vs open market
- Customer loyalty Vs throughput
- Traditional roles Vs multi-disciplinary teams





Flexible learning represents the only business model that can satisfy these requirements!





"The knowledge driven economy is about a set of new sources of competitive advantage, particularly the ability to innovate, create new products and exploit new markets, which apply to all industries, high-tech and low-tech, manufacturing and services, retailing and agriculture.

In all industries, the key to competitiveness increasingly turns on how people combine, marshal and commercialise their know-how"

**Charles Leadbeater 1999** 





# **Sustainability characteristics**

- Adaptive: The internal ability to adapt or conform itself to new or different conditions.
- Innovative: The internal ability to continuously probe its market environment and produce something like nothing done or experienced or created before to satisfy identified opportunities.
- **Networked:** The internal ability to identify and cultivate associations that can provide positive organisational benefits.



#### **Collaborations**







# Knowledge as the key:

- In this new world knowledge appears as the main production factor to monitor and manage.
- Knowledge is the main intangible ingredient in the melting pot that makes innovation possible.
- Measurement of knowledge is a key issue.





# To become an innovative, adaptive and networked organisation

We need to:

- manage knowledge systematically
- clearly define objectives in this re-shaped landscape
- recognise that we cannot ceaselessly innovate, adapt and network therefore clear definition of the strategic goals are critical





# Isn't this the world of the librarian?

- To manage and share knowledge
- To manage intellectual property
- To work as part of delivery teams
- To directly support learners
- To establish systems



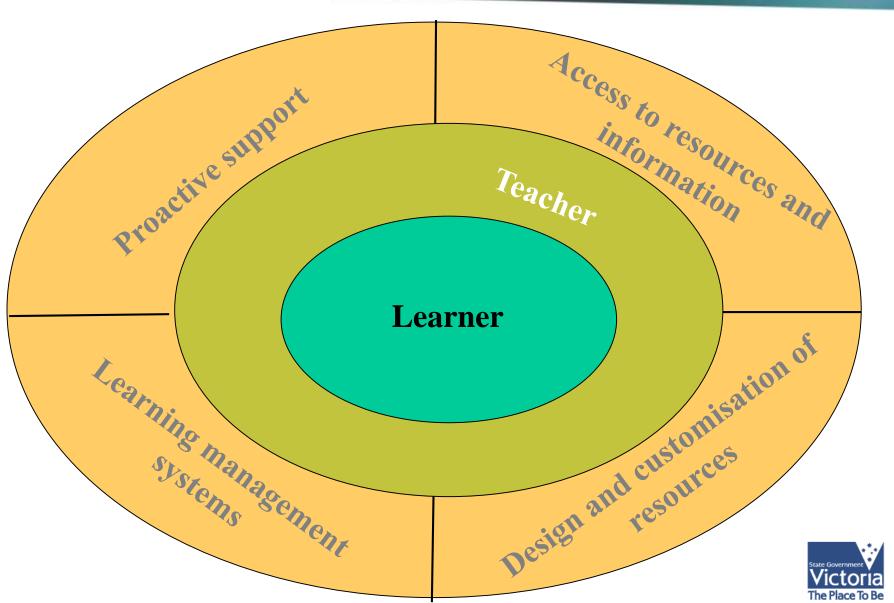


# Why does flexible learning demand more collaborations?

- Can't rely on "accidental" interaction
- Shifting learner expectations
- Response needs to be more planned, systematic and quick
- Individual staff can't meet all requirements on their own
- Cost pressures









# What collaborations are needed?

#### Internal:

- Learner and teacher
- Teacher and support areas
- Learner and support areas
- Learner and learner

#### External:

- Other training providers
- Support networks and agencies
- Industry
- Suppliers
- Community





# Collaborations with teachers

#### Interstate examples:

- TAFE Tasmania
- Cooloola Sunshine Institute of TAFE
- Brisbane and North Point Institute of TAFE

#### Victorian examples:

- RMIT
- Kangan Batman Institute of TAFE
- Swinburne University





# **Library portals**



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http://www.sqit.tafe.net/client/student\_services/index.h tm





# Learner support

Information literacy is now a core skill required by all learners and so this means:

- •We need techniques to encourage use of the support tools available
- •Support materials need to be intuitive and designed after research into learner needs and characteristics are identified





# Issues in learning materials

- Quality and currency
- Access through portals
- Intellectual property
- Duplication of effort
- Cataloguing for sharing (the use of meta data)
- Customisation
- Increasing granularity



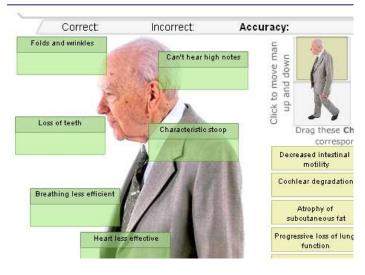


# **Learning materials**

- Print
- Online
- •CD Rom
- Videos
- Combinations











# **Support materials**

















### Your Desk Training



Uses the Institute intranet and simple tools:

- To support staff to understand the concept of an e-library
- Develop learning materials
- Publish materials for learners
- Share with colleagues
- Undertake professional development





"Educational professionals are in the IP business and this is why colleges are in the IP business. It covers every facet of their buying and selling of learning in the twenty-first century. As information makers and sellers, in the increasingly globalised learning market, staff must have a well-informed grasp of the basis of IP and of IP trading.

IP expertise is needed within the education sector:

- in the national/public interest
- in the interest of the institutions and students
- in the interest of staff members, who as knowledge workers and creators of IP will need to define their relationship to the information and services they create and who will need to protect themselves against litigation for the misuse of intellectual property."

Dale Spender: Rembrandts in the Attic





# **Connecting colleagues**

- •To share skills, knowledge and resources
- •To build communities of practice
- To provide professional development
- •To improve practice





# **Build collaborative relationships**

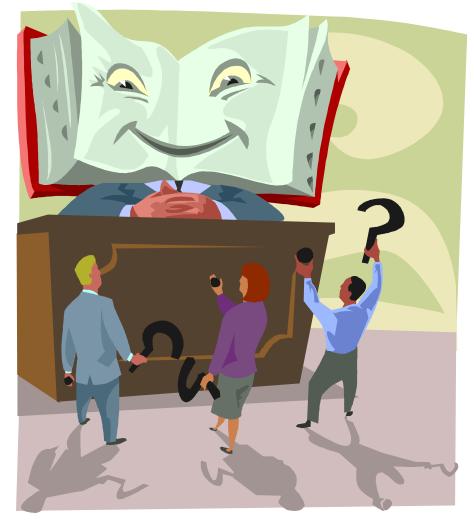


- Top picks
- Local perspectives
- National & international perspectives
- Communities of practice
- Lessons learned
- Collaborative tools
- Other useful resources





Why do we want a knowledge strategy?







#### Why do we want a knowledge strategy?

- 1. To improve the value of investment in other core activities such as the web site, projects, case studies and networks.
- 2. To improve the outcomes for learners through an increased "shareabilty" of knowledge generated in Victoria and the rest of Australia and beyond about flexible learning.
- 3. To ensure Victorian RTOs are the best placed Australian providers to respond to the vision, objectives and strategies of Shaping Our Future.

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## Why do we want a knowledge strategy?

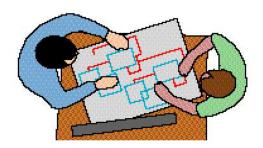
- 4. To use knowledge capture to expand the explicit repertoire of emerging flexible solutions available to providers resulting in capability building.
- 5. To more effectively collect, filter, analyse and disseminate knowledge to ensure application of that knowledge to improve responsiveness and leverage existing practice by Victorian RTOs.
- 6. To make explicit existing tacit processes for managing knowledge to collect and disseminate knowledge by design, not accident.

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### **Know how**

### The organisation



#### The professionals



#### Getting it right:

- •Analyse learners
- •Manage the training environment
- •Embrace opportunities
- •Build collaborative relationships
- Share knowledge

#### Doing the job:

- •Enhance learning
- Use appropriate technology
- Deliver learning solutions
- •Provide learning resources







#### The TAFE frontiers field guide to knowledge management

#### Learning & development

Deals with

Keep an eye out for

projects

courses

mentors

tutorials

Identifying marks

reports

policy

documents

white papers

websites

articles

communities teams

Information management

· goal-setting

trialling

exploring

reflecting

 designing · assessing

improving

Keep an eye out for

· scanning

· judging

filtering

storing

monitoring

classifying

distributing

Hot feature of "learning organisations", includes self-directed learning and accessing JIT information



All the rage in leading-edge digital publishing and distribution, and in learning management systems (LMS).

#### Content management

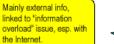
Identifying marks learning objects interoperability multiple formats

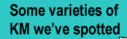
 tagging · chunking

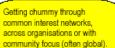
Keep an eye out for

metadata platforms  diaggregating · customising

accessing







Reinvented approaches

with intranets & virtual

communication, new

forms of workgroup.



#### Communities of practice

Identifying marks groups networks

communicat'n

hubs common interests

shared interest/roles Keep an eye out for

· recruiting

posting

· chatting sharing

discussing

· monitoring

sustaining

#### 

#### Client feedback

Identifying marks surveys complaints

suggestions

requests

Keep an eye out for

 surveying contacting

listenina

analysing

client responding management

driven approaches (=client or learnercentred delivery).

Essential gear for market

Often the (unstated) default "meaning" of KM in corporate literature. All about competitive edge



Knowledge capture

Identifying marks

Keep an eye out for

(internal) processes  mapping documenting

systems protocols methods  recording organising

procedures tips & trocks · clarifying

 sharing · re-designing

#### Knowledge generation

Identifying marks plans

Keep an eye out for analysing

goals ideas

challenges

questions

New wave innovation.

creativity, risk-taking, lateral

thinking. Often identified with

the tools & techniques used.

 evaluating brainstormning

innovations projecting proposals

· imagining

· synthesising challenging

Teams

Identifying marks groups groupware

virtual teams

intranets

Keep an eye out for

 informing communicating

decidina

sharing

coordinating

prioritising

